

The Importance of the Linguistic Classical Arabic Grammar

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Abstract:

Arabic is the language of the Qur'an and Hadith, which is one of the most complex languages in terms of grammar, in classical Arabic grammar there are three components of words, namely ism, fi'il, and letters, while the linguistics is the science of studying language in general, both have a very close relationship because they study the structure and rules of language in Arabic. This article aims to discuss the importance of linguistics in classical Arabic grammar. Imagine a magnificent building full of intricate carvings and deep meaning. That's roughly the picture of classical Arabic grammar. To understand it, we need a key, and that key is the linguistics. This science is not just a collection of rules, but also a window that allows us to peek into the beauty and richness of classical Arabic. Just think, how can we know the meaning of an ancient word that is centuries old? Or how can we put together sentences whose structure and nuances are so different from modern Arabic? This is where the linguistics plays a role. This science is like a language detective, breaking down morphology, syntax, and semantics, revealing hidden layers of meaning. The method used in this study is a literature study, namely by reading related literature. The results of this study indicate that the linguistics is very important and interrelated with classical Arabic grammar.

Keywords: Classical Arabic, Linguistics, Arabic Grammar

INTRODUCTION

Arabic, as one of the most influential Semitic languages, has a long history reflected in classical literature and modern Problem Formulation. This language serves not only as a means of communication, but also as a medium for conveying rich cultural values, religion, and philosophical thoughts.

Complex sentences in Arabic are an important part of syntax, reflecting the language's ability to convey complex and diverse ideas in a clear and structured manner. Classical Arabic, best known through the Qur'an, Hadith, and other classical literary texts, is often compared to modern Arabic in various linguistic aspects because both show the development and adaptation of the language over time. Classical Arabic has a very regular and formal syntactic structure, reflecting the strict rules and norms that apply to its use. Complex sentence structures in classical texts such as the Qur'an often use specific

conjunctions and syntactic devices to link clauses, creating a deep and meaningful narrative.

Problem Formulation

1. What is the contribution of the linguistics to classical Arabic grammar?
2. How is the relationship between the linguistics and classical Arabic grammar?
3. What are the benefits of studying the linguistics classical Arabic grammar?

METHOD

This research is a library research, the data in this study are journals, articles, and websites from the aspects of meaning, objects, objectives, scope and benefits of studying linguistics. This research is a library study, so the technical data analysis used in this study is the content analysis technique and the data is presented descriptively qualitatively. The researcher will explore the concept of modern linguistics. After understanding these concepts, the researcher will present them clearly so that the reader will get a comprehensive understanding.

This approach is based on the study of a particular language over time, in order to detect linguistic changes at the acoustic and morphological and compositional and semantic levels. And supports the historical approach with a descriptive approach that comes paving the way for historical research.

DISCUSSION

Contribution of Linguistics to Classical Arabic Grammar

Several Arab researchers began to pay attention to linguistics since the emergence of the Islamic state by paying attention to several aspects including; sounds, words, sentences and vocabulary. They are divided into two groups, the first group pays attention to the structure of the language, and the second group pays attention to the vocabulary of the language and its meaning. In terms of language, these two groups have different meanings, the first group interprets it as an-nahwu or the science of al-arab while the second group interprets it as al-lughah or the science of al-lughah or fiqhul lughah or matan al-lughah. In terms, these two groups generally call it oral science or 'ulum lisan al-'arabi or ulum al-adab or al-ilmu al-'arabiyah.

The science of language has a very large contribution to classical Arabic grammar, such as:

- a. Development of Grammar: The science of language helps develop classical Arabic grammar by studying language structure, syntax, and morphology.
- b. Language Analysis: The science of language analyzes classical Arabic to understand language patterns, such as wazan, i'rab, and tashrif.

The Relationship between Linguistics and Classical Arabic Grammar

Linguistic analysis also plays a role in determining what methods should be used in language teaching. If a teacher considers language as the arrangement of words according to certain rules, then the method used will be different from a teacher who considers language as a list of words and a list of beautiful grammar and morphology. According to this opinion, language teaching is very easy because it emphasizes students to memorize a list of words and a list of rules.

Development of the Science of Grammar: The development of the science of classical Arabic grammar cannot be separated from the development of the linguistics as a whole. The nahwu and sharaf scholars were also experts in the field of lughoh, and their deep understanding of Arabic enabled them to construct comprehensive and accurate grammatical systems.

Benefits of Studying the Linguistics in Classical Arabic Grammar

Understanding the meaning of the Qur'an and Hadith The point above is that the linguistics (classical Arabic) can help us understand the meaning of words in the Qur'an and Hadith more precisely. The Qur'an and Hadith are written using Arabic which is very rich and has many layers of meaning. Therefore, understanding Arabic well (including the linguistics) is important to be able to interpret (tafsir) the verses and hadiths correctly.

Knowing the diversity and beauty of the Arabic language helps us to appreciate the richness and beauty of the Arabic language, especially in the context of Islam. Arabic is known to be very rich in vocabulary and style a very beautiful language. By studying the science of lugh linguistics , one can better appreciate how subtle the nuances of Arabic are and the uniqueness of every word used, both in the Qur'an and in Arabic literary works.

Improving Concentration and Accuracy studying classical Arabic texts that are often complex and lengthy requires a high level of concentration and accuracy. This exercise will indirectly improve the ability to focus and pay attention to details in various aspects of life.

One of the benefits of studying classical Arabic language is that the process of studying this language inherently trains and sharpens a person's ability to focus attention (concentration) and become more careful and precise (accuracy).

The analogy is like Imagine solving a complicated puzzle or assembling a model that has many small parts. This process requires high focus so that no steps are missed and precision so that each part is installed correctly. Likewise, studying classical Arabic language lughoh trains the brain to work carefully and attentively.

CONCLUSION

The linguistics plays a central role in understanding classical Arabic literature because these literary works are composed with a high level of linguistic beauty, complex grammatical structures, and rich and meaningful vocabulary. Without a deep understanding of Arabic language rules such as nahwu, sharaf, and balaghah, readers will have difficulty grasping the true meaning of classical texts, both in poetry and prose.

In addition, the linguistics is the key to uncovering the cultural, social, and historical contexts contained in classical Arabic literature. Many expressions and styles of language used by classical writers are closely related to the conditions of Arab society at that time. By mastering the linguistics, learners can interpret the meaning hidden behind the figures of speech, symbols, and rhetorical forms used in literary works.

Thus, studying the linguistics not only enriches linguistic abilities, but also opens up broader insights in appreciating and studying the richness of classical Arabic literature. The science of lughoh is an important bridge between text and understanding, between form and meaning, and between the past and the present. Without a good command of the language, the values of classical Arabic literature will be difficult to fully understand.

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